# Recovery Housing Recommended Physical Plant Standards Submitted to Pennsylvania Department of Drug and Alcohol Programs Provided by Certified Drug and Alcohol Recovery Housing Taskforce July 18, 2016

## **Building exterior and grounds**

## A recovery house shall:

- Maintain all structures, fences and playground equipment, when applicable, on the grounds of the house so as to be free from any danger to health and safety.
- Keep the grounds of the house clean, safe, sanitary and in good repair at all times for the safety and well-being of residents, employees and visitors. The exterior of the building and the building grounds or yard shall be free of hazards.
- Keep exterior exits, stairs and walkways lighted at night.
- Store all trash, garbage and rubbish in noncombustible, covered containers that prevent the penetration of insects and rodents, and remove it, at least once every week.

# **Living rooms and lounges**

### A recovery house shall:

 Contain at least one living room or lounge for the free and informal use of residents, their families and invited guests. The house shall maintain furnishings in a state of good repair.

# **Sleeping accommodations**

- Provide to each resident in each recovery house bedroom:
  - o A bed with a solid foundation and fire retardant mattress in good repair.
  - o A pillow and bedding appropriate for the temperature in the facility.
  - o A storage area for clothing.
- Ensure that each shared bedroom has at least 60 square feet of floor space per resident measured wall to wall, including space occupied by furniture. When bunk beds are used, each bedroom shall have at least 50 square feet of floor space per resident measured wall to wall. Bunk beds shall afford enough space in between each bed and the ceiling to allow a resident to sit up in bed. Bunk beds shall be equipped with a securely attached ladder capable of supporting a resident. Bunk beds shall be equipped with securely attached railings on each open side and open end of the bunk. Each single bedroom shall have at least 70 square feet of floor space per resident measured wall to

wall, including space occupied by furniture. A bedroom is that area enclosed by floor-to-ceiling walls. Partitions or half-walls are not recognized in defining the bedroom area.

- Limit to no more than four the number of residents sharing a bedroom.
- Ensure each bedroom has direct access to a corridor or external exit.

In addition to the above, recovery house bedrooms must also meet the following standards.

- A bedroom may not be used as a means of egress from or access to another part of the facility.
- Sole entrances to stairways or basements may not be located in a resident's bedroom.
- Each bedroom shall be ventilated by operable windows or have mechanical ventilation.
- Each bedroom shall have a window with a source of natural light.
- Bedrooms located in a basement shall meet the following requirements:
  - o The bedroom shall have wall, floor and ceiling coverings such as tile, linoleum, paneling or dry wall.
  - The bedroom shall have a protective fire wall between the residents and any furnace.
- Areas where beds can be placed must be in compliance with fire safety codes. In addition, operation of heating and cooling systems, evacuation procedures and emergency numbers must be accessible and available.

## **Bathrooms**

- Provide bathrooms to accommodate residents and other users of the facility. There should be at least one toilet, sink, and shower or tub for every eight residents.
- Provide a sink, a wall mirror, an operable soap dispenser, and either individual paper towels or a mechanical dryer in each bathroom.
- Have hot and cold water under pressure. Hot water temperature may not exceed 120°F.
- Provide privacy in toilets with doors and in showers and bathtubs with partitions, doors or curtains. There shall be slip-resistant surfaces in all bathtubs and showers.
- Ensure privacy measures are followed. Open toilet stalls, including those with a curtain, and group shower rooms that do not provide individual privacy are not permitted.
- Ensure bathrooms are safe. The bathtub and shower may have a manufactured slipresistant surface or utilize slip-resistant mats, spray-on applications or other slipresistant surfaces.
- Provide for ventilation in each toilet and wash rooms, either with an exhaust fan or window. Windows used for ventilation need to be operable and should have screens. Exhaust fans, including those that are part of a larger ventilation system, must be operable and create a noticeable airflow.
- Provide toilet paper at each toilet at all times.
- Maintain each bathroom in a functional, clean and sanitary manner at all times.

## **Food service**

#### A recovery house shall:

- Provide on-site a central food preparation area or kitchen in which residents prepare their own food. These areas shall be in a good state of repair with a refrigerator, sink, stove, oven and cabinet space for storage.
- Clean and disinfect food preparation areas and appliances following each prepared meal.
- Clean all eating, drinking and cooking utensils and all food preparation areas after each usage, as well as ensuring that storage areas for foods are free of food particles, dust and dirt.
- Store the utensils in a clean enclosed area. Pots and pans may be stored on open shelving units or hung from racks designed for that purpose. A "clean enclosed area" would refer to closets, cabinets, drawers and other enclosed areas. Utensil trays that are covered when not in use are acceptable.
- Store all food items off the floor.

In houses that operate kitchens in which residents prepare their own meals, houses shall have policies and documented house orientation processes that address:

- Cleaning and disinfecting of food preparation areas and appliances daily, as well as ensuring that storage areas for foods are free of food particles, dust and dirt.
- Cleaning of all eating, drinking and cooking utensils and all food preparation areas daily and the storage of utensils in a clean enclosed area. Pots and pans may be stored on open shelving units or hung from racks designed for that purpose. A "clean enclosed area" would refer to closets, cabinets, drawers and other enclosed areas. Utensil trays that are covered when not in use are acceptable.
- Storage of food.
  - O All food items must be kept off the floor.
  - O Storage areas for foods are maintained free of food particles, dust and dirt.
  - Storage of all food items off the floor.
  - O Prohibition on smoking in food preparation areas.
- Kitchen.
  - o Houses with kitchens shall include a food preparation area that is in a good state of repair with a refrigerator, a sink, a stove, an oven and cabinet space for storage.

# Heating and cooling

#### A recovery house shall:

• Have a heating and cooling ventilation system that is adequate to maintain an indoor temperature of at least 65°F in the winter. When indoor temperatures exceed 90°F, mechanical ventilation such as fans or air conditioning shall be provided by house operator or owner.

## **General safety and emergency procedures**

#### A recovery house shall:

- Be free of rodent and insect infestation. Owner or operator will take all action to eradicate such infestations if and when they occur.
- Require that pets housed in the recovery house are cared for in a safe and sanitary manner, including proper vaccinations and licensing.
- Limit smoking to designated smoking areas, typically outside of house.
- Provide written procedures for residents to follow in case of an emergency, which shall include provisions for:
  - o The evacuation and transfer of residents and staff to a safe location.
  - o Assignments of staff during emergencies.
  - Notification of the Pennsylvania Department of Drug and Alcohol Programs (DDAP) or its designee within 48 hours of a fire, other disaster or situation which affects the continuation of services.

# **Fire safety**

#### A recovery house shall:

- Ensure that stairways, hallways and exits from rooms and from the recovery house are unobstructed. Exits must be unobstructed and operable at all times.
- Maintain a minimum of two exits on every floor, including the basement, that are separated by a minimum distance of 15 feet. Basements and attics not having two exits cannot be used for any reason and must be locked at all times. Operable portable ladders and rope escapes may not be used as standard exits.
- Ensure that any secondary exit that crosses a roof has a catwalk with a secure railing.
- Maintain each ramp, interior stairway and outside steps exceeding two steps with a well-secured handrail and maintain each porch that has over an 18-inch drop with a well-secured railing.
- Clearly indicate exits by the use of signs.
- Light interior exits and stairs at all times.

## **Smoke detectors and fire alarms**

- Maintain a minimum of one operable smoke detector on each floor, including the basement and attic.
- On floors with resident bedrooms, maintain a smoke detector that shall be located within 15
  feet of each bedroom door. On floors with no resident bedrooms, the smoke detection device
  shall be located in a common area or hallway.
- Repair inoperable smoke detectors or fire alarms within 48 hours of the time the detector or alarm is found to be inoperative.
- Maintain automatic smoke detectors and fire alarms of a type approved by the Department of Labor and Industry or by the Underwriters Laboratories.

- Maintain all smoke detectors and fire alarms so that each person with a hearing impairment will
  be alerted in the event of a fire, if one or more residents or staff persons are not able to hear
  the smoke detector or fire alarm system.
- Carbon monoxide detectors shall be utilized in houses that have heating systems in which
  carbon monoxide is a byproduct of the heating system and houses with attached garages. The
  carbon monoxide detector will be located within 15 feet of the carbon monoxide source, audible
  to house residents and maintained in an operational state.

## Fire extinguishers

#### A recovery house shall:

- Maintain a portable fire extinguisher with a minimum of an ABC rating. A fire extinguisher shall be located on each floor. If there is more than 2,000 square feet of floor space on a floor, the recovery house shall maintain an additional fire extinguisher for each 2,000 square feet or fraction thereof. All extinguishers should be wall mounted, visible and easily accessible.
   Basements and attics, except attic crawlspaces, require fire extinguisher(s).
- Maintain at least one portable fire extinguisher with a minimum of an ABC rating in each kitchen.
  - This fire extinguisher shall meet the requirement of one portable fire extinguisher for a 2,000 square foot area.
  - The extinguisher shall be located near an exit and away from the cooking area.
- Ensure fire extinguishers are inspected and approved annually by the local fire department or fire extinguisher company. The date of the inspection shall be indicated on the extinguisher or inspection tag. If a fire extinguisher is found to be inoperable, it shall be replaced or repaired within 48 hours of the time it was found to be inoperable.
- Instruct all residents in the use of the fire extinguishers to be documented as part of orientation, including location and proper use of a fire extinguisher. This instruction shall be documented by the house.

## Fire drills

- Have a written policy in place on fire safety, including resident orientation to the house fire safety plan; house evacuation procedures to be used during a fire or as part of regular fire drills; and the maintenance of records on fire drills and fire safety procedures within the house.
- Conduct unannounced fire drills at least once every 90 days.
  - All occupants of the recovery house must evacuate during each drill.
  - It is recommended that house operators or owners consult with a fire safety expert to determine an acceptable evacuation time for their building(s). This time should be specified in writing.